5 - 2 Inequalities and Triangles

Properties of Inequalities +



Comparison: a < b, a > b, a = b

Transitive: If a < b and b < C, then a < c. (also >)

Properties of Inequalities 🛨 🔀



Add/Subtract: If
$$a < b$$
, $a + c < b + c$
 $a - c < b - c$

Multiply/Divide: \fa~b...

c is positive ac > bc and = > bc

Theorem 5.8: (Exterior Angle Inequality Theorem)

If an angle is an <u>exterior</u> angle of a triangle, then its measure is greater than the measure of either of its corresponding <u>remote</u> angles.

$$M = m + m + 2$$

$$4 > 1$$

$$4 > 2$$

Ex: List all of the angles whose ★ measures are less than m∠8.

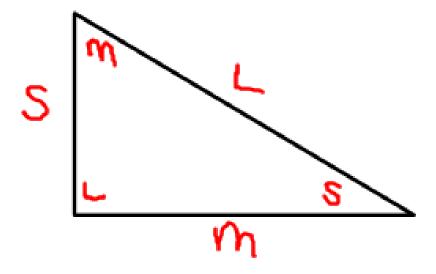
$$m \angle 8 > m \angle 4$$

 $m \angle 8 > m \angle 6$
 $m \angle 8 > m \angle 2$
 $m \angle 8 > m \angle 2$
 $m \angle 8 > m \angle 7$
 $m \angle 8 > m \angle 7$

Theorem 5.9:

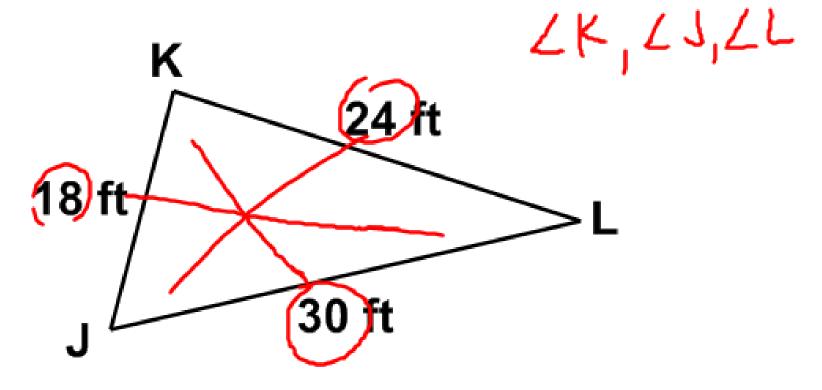


If one side of a triangle is longer than another side, then the angle opposite the longer side has a greater measure than the angle opposite the shorter side.



Ex: List the angles from the picture in order from largest to smallest.

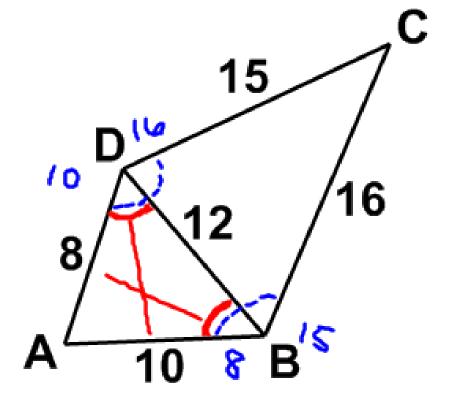




Ex: Determine the relationship between the given angles.



 $m\angle CDA > m\angle CBA$



Theorem 5.10:



If one angle of a triangle has a greater measure than another angle, then the side opposite the greater angle is longer than the side opposite the lesser angle.



Homework:

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